

Safety and security based on embedded Linux

Autonomous mobile robot using ROS2

Until now, there was no option to execute safety-related applications directly on Linux. Now there is. The OS solution EB corbos Linux for Safety Appli-

Linux with the system characteristics of functional safety. And rather than trying to make it safe, the solution provides an execution environment for applications, which lets them execute correctly. EB corbos Linux for Safety Applications offers "maintainable safety".

curity-relevant applications and their data space in the Linux userland. It creates a "dependable data-space". SIL2/ASILB applications can be executed in this space. cations brings together the strengths of embedded The architectural encapsulation of the kernel goes hand in hand with the separation of component lifecycles. Those of the kernel are almost independent of those of the hypervisor and supervisor components. This enables emlix and its customers to carry out efficient maintenance over the product lifecycle and in line with established community procedures.

Together with the functionality of a hypervisor, an OS supervisor encapsulates the Linux kernel from the se-



ROS2 middleware

The OS solution allows the integration of established The specific example shows an AMR - autonomous mobile middleware solutions such as ROS2 to implement complex automation functions using existing libraries. In line with the "separation of concern" strategy, the mixed-criticality capability offers the option of separating non-safety-relevant functional components from safety-relevant ones.

robot - following a line. The environment is detected visually in the demonstrator using a camera. The control of the drive train is calculated within the dependable data-space offered by the OS solution. ROS2-functionality can be executed directly next to the dependable data-space. In the event of an error adversely effecting the dependable data-space, e.g.

inadmissible data access or even inadmissible data corrup-The specific example shows an AMR - autonomous mobile tion by the kernel, an error message is issued which can robot - following a line. The environment is detected visually be converted into a vehicle stop in the respective project in the demonstrator using a camera. The control of the drive context, among other things. The data flow from the camera train is calculated within the dependable data-space offeto a ROS2 node to a SIL2 application is visualized in the red by the OS solution. ROS2-functionality can be executed above figure. directly next to the dependable data-space. In the event of an error adversely effecting the dependable data-space, e.g. The OS solution allows the integration of established inadmissible data access or even inadmissible data corrupmiddleware solutions such as ROS2 to implement comtion by the kernel, an error message is issued which can plex automation functions using existing libraries. In line be converted into a vehicle stop in the respective project with the "separation of concern" strategy, the mixed-cricontext, among other things. The data flow from the camera ticality capability offers the option of separating non-sato a ROS2 node to a SIL2 application is visualized in the fety-relevant functional components from safety-relevant above figure.

ones.

Suitable for almost any regulated industry

The architectural concept can apply in many different doemlix supports customers from system development including safety conceptual design, software architecture mains, e.g: design and component selection to the implementation of customer-specific solutions. Integration and testing Drone control are an integral part of the service.

- Industrial automation with AMRs
- Control of autonomous agricultural vehicles
- Medical robots
- Human-machine interfaces with mixed non- and safety-relevant displays and controls
- Driver assistance functions

Find out more. Our Embedded Linux for Safety experts will be happy to provide consulting. Phone +49 551 304460 solutions@emlix.com



